



**INTI**

INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE PENANG (507232-U)  
LAUREATE INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITIES

FINAL  
Examination Paper

(COVER PAGE)

Session : JANUARY 2014

Programme : DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC  
PROGRAMME (DEE)

Course : EEE 2103 : ELECTRICAL MACHINES

Date of Examination : 10 March 2014

Time : 11.00am – 1.00pm Reading Time : Nil

Duration : 2 Hours

Special Instructions :

This paper consists of SIX (6) questions. Answer any FOUR (4) questions in the answer booklet provided. All questions carry equal marks.

Materials permitted :

Nil

Materials provided :

Scientific Calculator

Examiner(s) :

ALAN WONG KAM MUN

Moderator :

KEVIN TAN GEOK SU

*This paper consists of 5 printed pages, including the cover page*

## INTI INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE PENANG

## DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PROGRAMME (DEE)

EEE2103: ELECTRICAL MACHINES  
FINAL EXAMINATION : JAN 2014 SESSION

Instructions: This paper consists of **SIX (6)** questions. Answer any **FOUR (4)** questions in the answer booklet provided. All questions carry equal marks.

**Question 1**

- (a) Explain the principle of operation of a dc motor. Give an application of each of the three main types of motor (series, shunt and compound). (10 marks)
- (b) A shunt generator delivers 195 A at a terminal potential difference of 250 V. The armature resistance and the shunt field resistance are  $0.02 \Omega$  and  $50 \Omega$  respectively. The iron and friction losses equal 950 W. Find
- the emf generated (3 marks)
  - the total copper losses (3 marks)
  - the output of the prime mover, and (3 marks)
  - the commercial, electrical and mechanical efficiency. (6 marks)

**Question 2**

- (a) A 10 kVA, single phase transformer is rated at 440 / 220 V. The equivalent resistance is  $0.3 \Omega$  and the reactance is  $0.42 \Omega$ , both referred to the primary high side. If the transformer is operating at full load condition and 0.4 leading power factor, determine:
- High side terminal voltage (8 marks)
  - Voltage regulation (3 marks)
- (b) A 60 Hz transformer having a 480 turn primary winding takes 80 W and 1.4 A under no load condition at an input voltage of 120 V. Determine
- maximum core flux (4 marks)
  - no-load core-loss equivalent resistance (3 marks)
  - no-load magnetizing reactance (4 marks)
  - no-load power factor (3 marks)

**Question 3**

- (a) A DC shunt motor has input voltage 200 V,  $R_a = 0.116 \Omega$  and  $R_{shunt} = 75 \Omega$ . It is found that the motor draws a line current of 165.16 A with a shaft speed of 500 rpm. Draw the schematic diagram of DC shunt motor and associated components.

( 2 marks)

Calculate the output mechanical power.

( 5 marks)

- (b) A 240V DC separately excited shunt motor has an armature resistance of  $0.68 \Omega$  and draws a full current of 24 A at a speed of 100rpm. Draw the schematic diagram of DC shunt motor and associated components.

( 2 marks)

Calculate :

- i. the emf  $E_a$
- ii. the output power developed
- iii. the torque developed
- iv. If the pole flux is reduced by 20%, calculate the new speed.

(8 marks)

- (c) A four pole DC motor is wave wound with 540 conductors. The armature current is 60 A and the armature circuit resistance is  $0.5 \Omega$ . If the flux per pole is 25 mWb, estimate the speed when the motor run off a 500 V supply.

(8 marks)

**Question 4**

- (a) A 50 kVA, single-phase transformer has 600 turns on primary and 40 turns on secondary. The primary winding is connected to 2.2 kV at 50 Hz supply.

Determine:

- i. the secondary voltage at no-load
- ii. the primary and secondary currents at full-load
- iii. Assume a load with power factor of 0.80 , what is the load resistance at the secondary for full load condition. Calculate the active output power at the secondary in this case.

(10 marks)

(b) A 230 / 110V, single phase transformer takes an input of 350VA at no-load, and at rated voltage. The core loss is 110W. Find :

- i. no-load power factor
- ii. the iron loss component of no-load current
- iii. magnetizing component of no-load current

(7 marks)

(c) In a 25 kVA , 2000 / 200 V single-phase transformer, the iron and full load copper losses are 350 W and 400 W respectively, Calculate the efficiency at unity power factor on:

- i. full load
- ii. 50% full load

(8 marks)

### Question 5

A 3-phase , 4000 V ,60 Hz, 5000 hp, 4-pole induction motor is operating at 67% rated load at 4130 V. The breakdown of losses for this load is : stator copper loss =12.4 kW, rotor conductor loss = 9.92 kW, core loss = 12.44 kW, stray power = 10.2 kW, friction and windage = 18.2 kW.

(a) Sketch the power flow diagram with its values.

(5 marks)

(b) Shaft speed

(7 marks)

(c) Shaft torque

(3 marks)

(d) Developed torque

(4 marks)

(e) Input power to stator

(3 marks)

(f) Overall efficiency

(3 marks)

**Question 6**

- (a) Explain the condition when a synchronous motor operates under normal excitation. (4 marks)
- (b) A 20 kW, 3-phase, Y-connected, 50 Hz, 400 V, 4-pole synchronous motor is operating at rated condition. It operates with a power angle of  $50^\circ$  and an efficiency of 95 %. The motor has a synchronous reactance of  $3 \Omega$  per phase. Determine:
- i. the active input power,  $P_{in}$  (4 marks)
  - ii. the excitation voltage,  $E_F$  (5 marks)
  - iii. the armature current,  $I_a$  (8 marks)
- (c) What is the effect of increasing the field excitation on the performance of a synchronous motor? (4 marks)

**--THE END--**

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