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FINAL
Examination Paper

(COVER PAGE)

Session : JANUARY 2012

Programmes : Diploma in Electrical and Electronic Engineering (DEEL)

Course : EEE1103 : ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUIT THEORY 2

Date of Examination : 7 March 2012

Time : 11a.m. – 1p.m. Reading Time : Nil

Duration : 2 Hours

Special Instructions :

This paper consists of SIX (6) questions. Answer any FOUR (4) questions in the answer booklet provided. All questions carry equal marks.

Students are not allowed to remove this question paper from the examination venue.

Materials permitted : Non-programmable scientific calculator

Materials provided : Appendix-A

Examiner(s) : Chan Tse Wei

Moderator : Liong Han Wen

This paper consists of 7 printed pages, including the cover page.

INTI INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE PENANG

DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PROGRAMME (DEEI)

EEE1103 : ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUIT THEORY 2
FINAL EXAMINATION : JANUARY 2012 SESSION

Instructions: This paper consists of **SIX (6)** questions. Answer any **FOUR (4)** questions in the answer booklet provided. All questions carry equal marks. The marks allocated to each sub-question are shown in square brackets at the right-hand margin.

Question 1

- a. Distinguish between class-A, class-B and class-C power amplifiers in terms of the conduction cycles of their respective amplifying components and their efficiency. [5]
- b. What does it mean when a power amplifier is said to have 70% efficiency? [5]
- c. Figure-Q1(c) shows a power amplifier circuit and Appendix-A shows the output characteristic curves of transistor T_1 .
- i. Determine the value of resistor R_b so that transistor T_1 is midpoint biased to form a class-A power amplifier. Assume $V_{BE} = 0.7V$. Attach Appendix-A to your answer script. [5]
- ii. With the resistance found in part (c)(i) for resistor R_b , approximate the circuit's efficiency in percentage if an input voltage that results in a base current of 10mA peak is applied at the input terminal. Show all workings clearly. [6]
- iii. Estimate the theoretical maximum efficiency achievable by the power amplifier without any amplitude distortion occurring. [4]

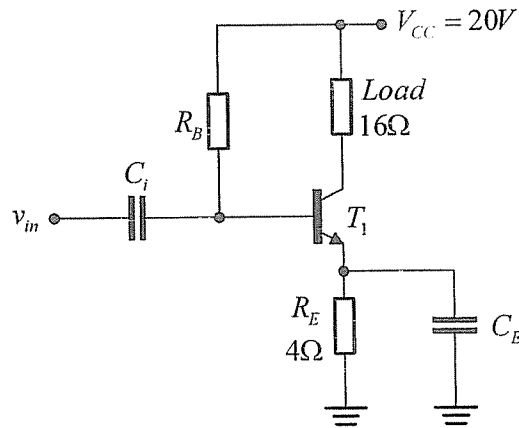


Figure-Q1(c)

Question 2

a. What is the meaning of "midrange" in an amplifier frequency response? [3]

b. The voltage transfer function of an amplifier circuit is given by,

$$A_v = \frac{49 \times 10^6 s}{49s^2 + 6144600s + (1936 \times 10^6)}$$

i. Quantitatively prove that the maximum gain of the amplifier is approximately 18 dB and this occurs approximately at $f = 1\text{kHz}$. [10]

ii. Determine the lower and upper cutoff frequencies of the amplifier. [9]

iii. Determine the bandwidth of the amplifier. [3]

Question 3

a. Figure-Q3 shows an op-amp based circuit.

i. State the name of the given op-amp configuration. [2]

ii. Assume ideal op-amp operation, determine the values of resistors R_1 and R_2 so that the op-amp circuit has a gain of 20 and maximum op-amp output current of 0.5mA for output voltage of 8V. [8]

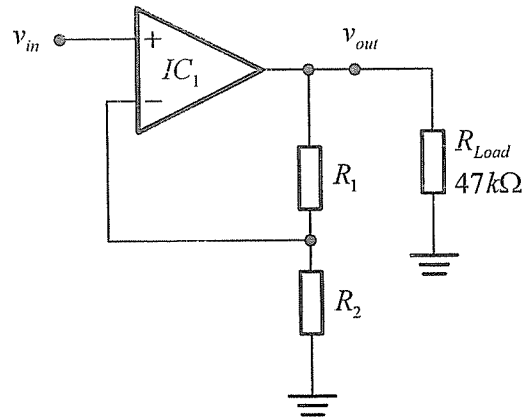


Figure-Q3

- b. i. A practical op-amp, having input resistance $R_{in} = 68k\Omega$, output resistance $R_{out} = 560\Omega$ and a differential gain $A_d = 10^4$, is to be used for the circuit in Figure-Q3. Draw a circuit model that represents the circuit in Figure-Q3. [3]
- ii. Using the same resistance values found in part (a)(ii) for R_1 and R_2 , how does this op-amp affect the voltage gain value quantitatively as compared to the ideal op-amp operation? [12]

Question 4

- a. Figure-Q4(a) shows a second order high pass filter circuit.
- i. Derive the voltage transfer of the circuit and hence show that the Q-factor of the circuit is 0.7071. [8]
- ii. Determine the cutoff frequency of the filter circuit in Hz. [2]

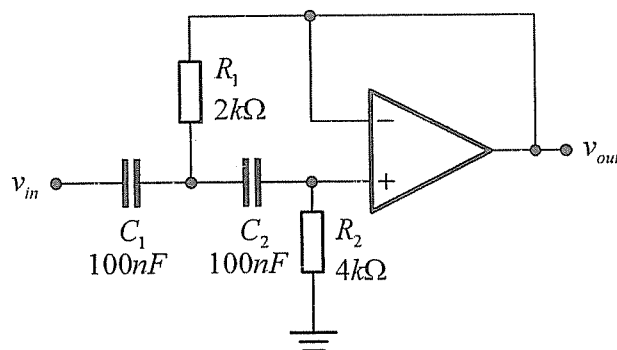


Figure-Q4(a)

- b. i. With the aid of a clear schematic diagram, show how a non-inverting integrator circuit can convert the high pass filter in Figure-Q4(a) to a band pass filter with its central frequency defined by the high pass filter cutoff frequency. [9]
- ii. Using the circuit implemented in part (b)(i), suggest two different methods to adjust the maximum gain of the band pass filter. [6]

Question 5

- a. i. Assume ideal op-amp operation; prove that the oscillation frequency expression of the circuit shown in Figure-Q5 is given by $f_o = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{C_1 C_2 R_1 R_2}}$. Hence, calculate the oscillation frequency for the given component values. [8]
- ii. What is the limiting value of R for oscillation? [3]
- iii. A thermistor is to be used to stabilize the amplitude of the oscillation. Which resistor should it replace? [2]
- iv. What factor limits the upper limit of such an oscillator circuit? [2]

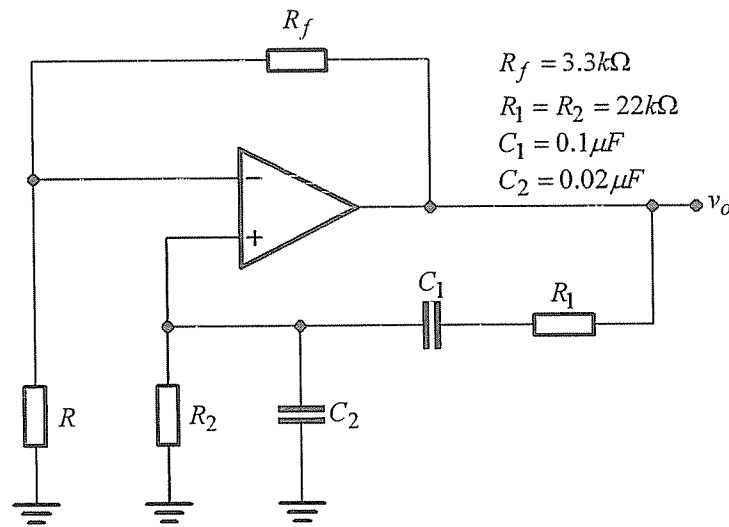


Figure-Q5

- b. At a temperature $T^{\circ}\text{C}$ above ambient, the resistance (in Ω) of a thermistor R_T is given by the equation $\log_{10} R_T = 4.3 - \frac{T}{70}$, and $T = 80P$ where P is the power dissipation in mW. Calculate the resulting value of v_o in Figure-Q5 if this thermistor is replacing the resistor mentioned in part (a)(iii). [10]

Question 6

- a. Three terminal IC voltage regulators are popular option when one needs to regulate a specific DC voltage. State the two advantages of such IC as compare to other voltage regulation techniques. [4]
- b. Figure-Q6(b) shows a voltage regulator circuit configured around a 78XX series.
- What is the significant feature(s) of the circuit? [2]
 - Explain the operation of the circuit. [4]

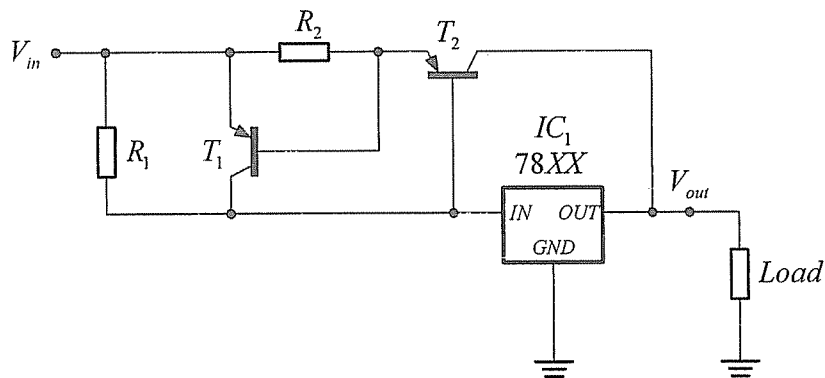


Figure-Q6(b)

- c. The circuit in Figure-Q6(c) is to develop a regulated output voltage of 12V to load R_L at $I_L \leq 3A$. Transistor T_1 has $I_{DSS} = 2mA$ and $V_{GS_{off}} = -1.5V$. Zener diode D_1 has a rating of 6.7V at $I_z = 1mA$. Complete the design by,
- determining the value of R_1 , [6]
 - determining the values of R_2 and R_3 , [6]
 - computing the worst case power efficiency of the op-amp. Assume the output stage of the op-amp is class-AB power amplifier configuration. [3]

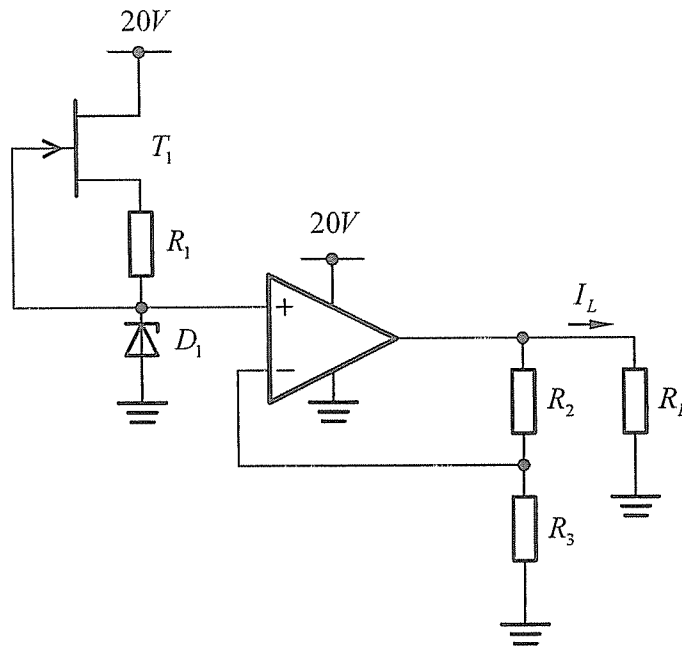


Figure-Q6(c)

– THE END –

Appendix-A [For Question 1(c)]

Student Name: _____

Student ID No.: _____

