



**FINAL
ALTERNATIVE ASSESSMENT**

(COVER PAGE)

Session : April 2020

Programme : Diploma in Electrical & Electronic Engineering (DEEI)

Course : EEE1105: Circuit Theory & Electronic Devices

Date of Examination : 3 August 2020 (Monday)

Time : 2.00pm – 5.00pm Reading Time : Nil

Duration : 3 Hours

Special Instructions :

This paper consists of **FOUR (4)** questions. Answer all the questions in the answer booklet provided.
All questions carry equal marks.

Material permitted : Non-Programmable Scientific Calculator

Materials provided : Nil

Examiner(s) : Mr Chai Yoon Yik

Chief Moderator : Mr Steven Khoo Boo Tap

This paper consists of 6 printed pages, including the cover page

INTI INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE PENANG

DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PROGRAMME (DEEI)
 EEE1105 CIRCUIT THEORY & ELECTRONIC DEVICES
 FINAL ALTERNATIVE ASSESSMENT: APRIL 2020 SESSION

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Question 1 [25]

(a) A multiple sources network is as shown in Figure Q1(a).

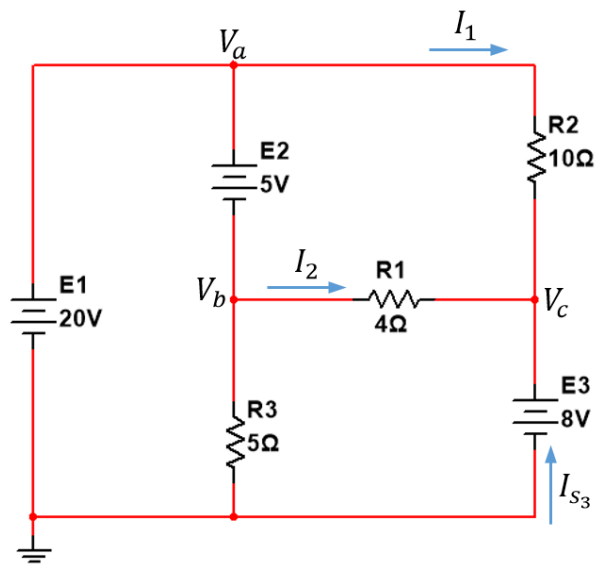


Figure Q1(a)

Using any circuit analysis theorems or principles that you have learned, calculate:

- | | | |
|-------|------------------|-----|
| (i) | V_a, V_b, V_c | [3] |
| (ii) | V_{ac}, V_{bc} | [2] |
| (iii) | I_1, I_2 | [2] |
| (iv) | I_{s_3} | [2] |

(b) Calculate the currents I_1, I_2 and I_3 in the circuit as shown in Figure Q1 (b) using nodal analysis. [8]

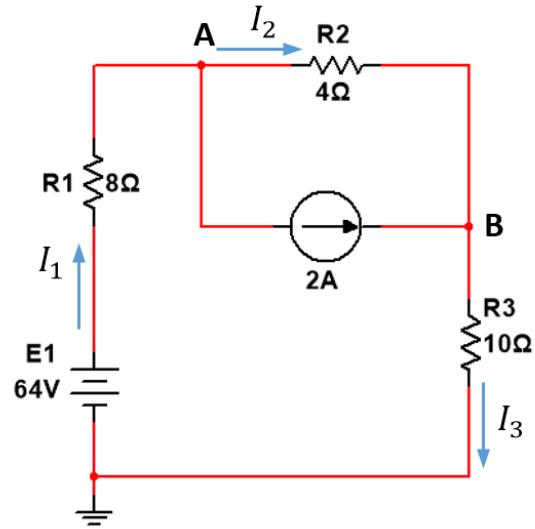


Figure Q1 (b)

(c) For the network shown in Figure Q1(c), calculate:

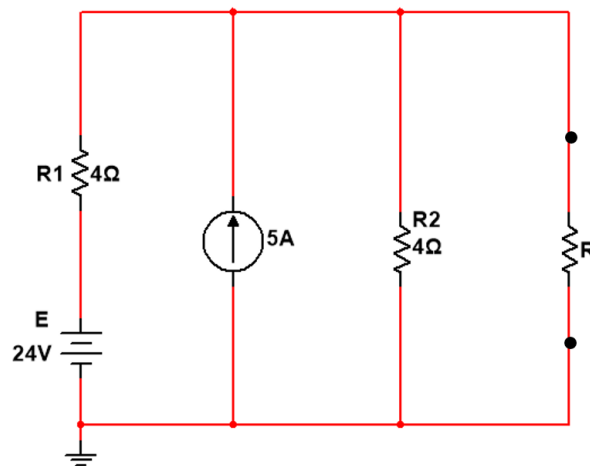


Figure Q1(c)

- (i) The value of resistor R for maximum power delivered to the R. [2]
 (ii) The maximum power delivered to the R. [6]

Question 2 [25]

A coil of resistance 50Ω and inductance 318 mH are connected in parallel with a circuit comprising a 75Ω resistor in series with a $159\mu\text{F}$ capacitor. The resulting circuit is connected to a 230V , 50Hz sinusoidal supply as shown in Figure Q2.

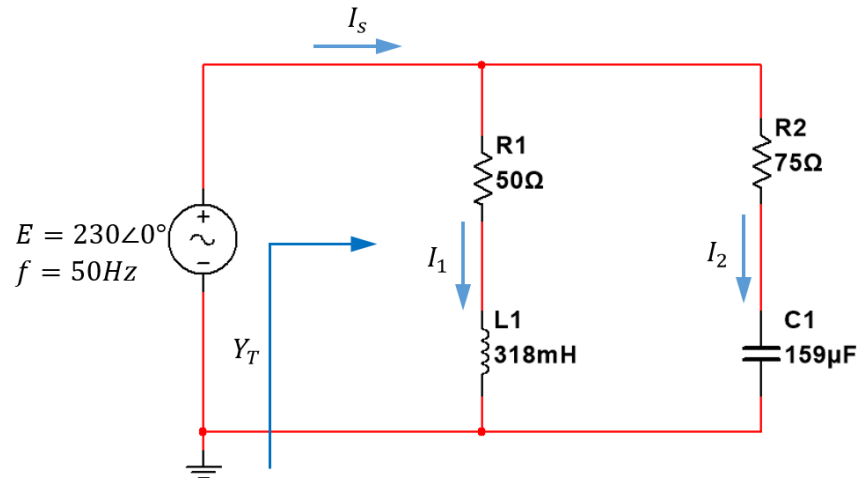


Figure Q2

- (i) Calculate the total admittance, Y_T in polar form. [3]
- (ii) Calculate the currents I_s , I_1 and I_2 in phasor form. [3]
- (iii) Draw the phasor diagram of the currents I_s , I_1 , I_2 and voltage E . [4]
- (iv) Calculate the real power, reactive power and apparent power delivered to the circuit. [3]
- (v) Calculate the power factor of the circuit, and indicate whether it is leading or lagging. [2]
- (vi) Justify a method to increase the power factor to unity without affecting the average power delivered to the circuit. [6]
- (vii) Discuss the benefits of the higher power factor in an alternating current electrical circuit. [4]

Question 3 [25]

- (a) For the network as shown in the Figure Q3(a), the capacitor has an initial voltage of 4V.

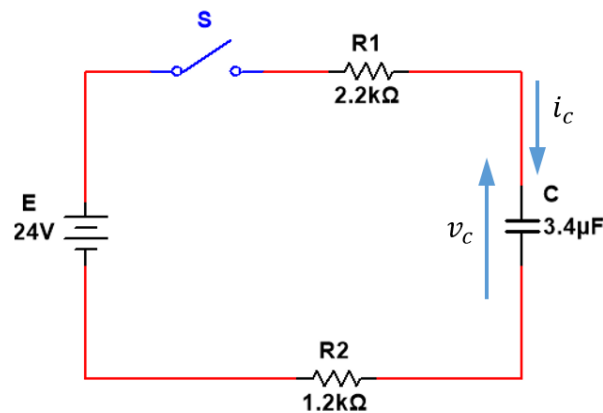


Figure Q3(a)

- (i) Determine the mathematical expression for the voltage across the capacitor v_c once the switch S is closed. [4]
 - (ii) Determine the mathematical expression for the capacitor current i_c during the transient period. [4]
 - (iii) Sketch the waveforms for part (a)(i) and part (a)(ii) from the initial value to the final value. [4]
- (b) Describe the differences between n -type and p -type semiconductor materials. [4]
- (c) Figure Q3(c) shows a clipper circuit, sketch the output voltage waveform, v_{out} and label all the important values of the waveform in your sketch. Assume silicon diodes are used. [4]

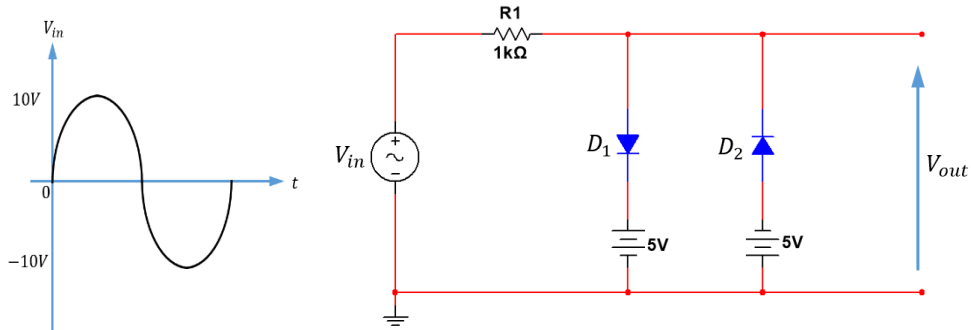


Figure Q3(c)

[9]

Question 4 [25]

- (a) A bipolar junction transistor 2N2222A is connected in common emitter configuration as shown in the Figure Q4(a).

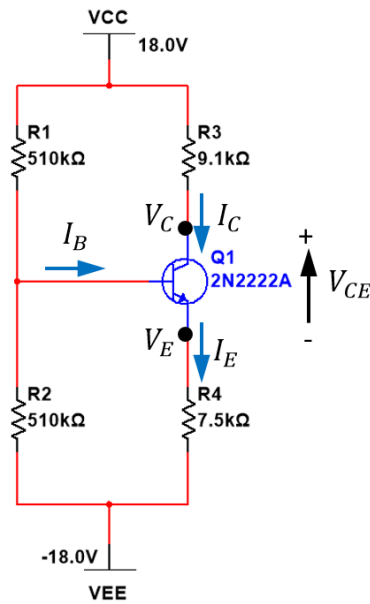


Figure Q4(a)

Calculate:

- (i) I_B [5]
 - (ii) I_C [2]
 - (iii) V_E [2]
 - (iv) V_{CE} [2]
- (b) Sketch an n-channel depletion-type MOSFET structure with proper labelling and explain the device operation. [4]
- (c) For the MOSFET network shown in Figure Q4(c),

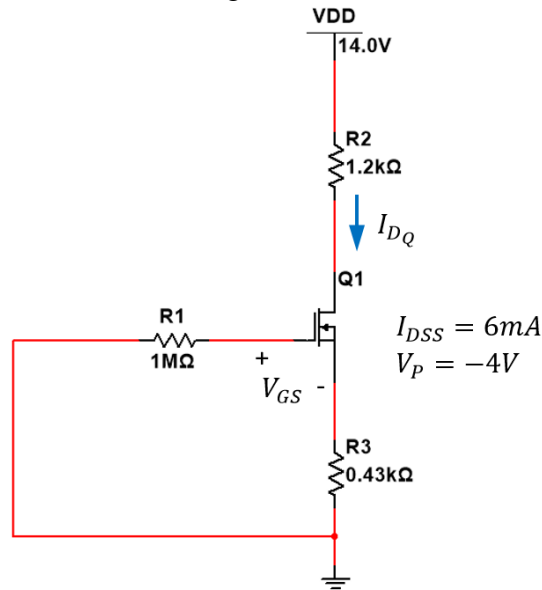


Figure Q4(c)

- (i) Name the type of MOSFET. [1]
- (ii) Name the type of MOSFET biasing. [1]
- (iii) Draw the transfer characteristics and the bias line. [4]
- (iv) Determine the V_{GSQ} and the I_{DQ} using the graph drawn in (iii). [2]
- (v) Calculate the V_{DSQ} and the V_{DQ} . [2]

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