

**FINAL ALTERNATIVE ASSESSMENT**

Examination Paper

(COVER PAGE)

Session : August 2020

Programme : Diploma In Information And Communication Technology (DICTN)  
Diploma In Information Technology (DITN)

Course : ICT2102: Introduction To Data Structure

Date of Examination : December 15, 2020 (Tuesday)

Time : 8.00am – 10.30pm Reading Time : Nil

Duration : 2 Hours

**Note:** 30 minutes is added into the duration of the examination to factor in any connectivity matters and for you to scan and upload your scripts.

**Special Instructions :**

Answer **ALL** questions

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Materials permitted :

Non-programmable calculator

Materials provided :

Nil

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Moderator : Chern Huey Rong

*This paper consists of 6 printed pages, including the cover page*

DIPLOMA IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PROGRAMME (DITN)  
ICT2102: INTRODUCTION TO DATA STRUCTURE  
FINAL ALTERNATIVE ASSESSMENT: AUGUST 2020 SESSION

**Instruction:** This paper consists of **Section A EIGHT (8)** questions and Section B **ONE (1)** question. Answer all questions.

**SECTION A:** (80 marks)

**Question 1**

(a) In your own words, provide **THREE (3)** descriptions of Data Structure.

(6 marks)

(b) Write down the output for the code fragments below:

```
char myChar = 'A';  
char* p = &myChar;  
cout << *p;  
myChar = 'B';  
cout << *p;  
*p = 'X';  
cout << myChar;  
char myChar2 = 'R';  
char q*;  
q = p;  
cout << myChar;
```

(4 marks)

**(Total: 10 marks)**

**Question 2**

(a) In pointer objects, each variable you create in your program is assigned a location in the computer's memory. The value the variable stores is actually stored in the location assigned. Based on the program below, trace the variable representing:

- (i) Data value
- (ii) Address of data value
- (iii) Pointer that holds the address of the data value
- (iv) Content of address Pointer

```

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int *pc, c;

    c = 5;
    cout << &c << endl;
    cout << c << endl << endl;

    pc = &c;
    cout << *pc << endl << endl;
    cout << pc << endl;

    return 0;
}

```

(4 marks)

- (b) Structures are used to represent a record. Create a structure called `Vehicles` which has three records called `color`, `model` and `brand`. All records use `string` as datatypes. Declare one structure variable `Vehicles`.

(6 marks)

**(Total: 10 marks)**

### Question 3

- (a) Based on function `Display` below, create another function to represent function overloading which contains two arguments of type integer, and display the bigger integer between the two.

```

void Display(int x) // print an integer
{
    cout << x;
}

```

(5 marks)

- (b) Keyword “`this`” is used to avoid ambiguity when different variables are referencing to the same object. Complete the code fragments below by filling up the blanks and replacing variables with “`this`” keyword:

```

Box& Box::operator=(const Box& a) {

    if (a != &a) {

```

```

delete [ ] data;
size = ____.size;
data = new int[____]; // allocate new array
for (int i=0; i < ____; i++) {
data[i] = a.data[i];
}
}
return *a;
}

```

(5 marks)

**(Total: 10 marks)****Question 4**

Write a program to read the temperature of Selangor for 15 continuous hours into a dynamic array called `SelTemp`. Display the temperature that is higher than the average temperature from all the hourly input. Free memory of temperature before the program terminates.

(10 marks)

**Question 5**

Write a function called `FrontNode` which has one argument of type integer named `myData`. The function inserts data at the beginning of a singly linked list.

(10 marks)

**Question 6**

- (a) By using variable `Name`, change the value of `author` to “Samantha Claude” and display `author`.

```

string author = "Sam Smith";
string& Name = author;

```

(2 marks)

- (b) Convert the infix expressions to postfix expressions:

(i)  $(RK * (BK * (((CY + RY) + BY) * CK)))$

(ii)  $((S * (((A + ((B + C) * D)) * F) * G) * E)) + K)$

(iii)  $((3 + 7) - (8 / 2))$

(iv)  $(3 + (4 * (2 - (6 / 3))))$

(8 marks)

**(Total: 10 marks)****Question 7**

- (a) Class `AStack` contains two base types, `First` and `Second`. `First` is a stack of integers with capacity of 100 and `Second` is a stack with character strings of capacity of 10. Trace the output for class `AStack`.

```
AStack<int> First;
First.push(7);
First.push(13);
cout << First.top() << endl;
First.pop();
First.push(9);
cout << First.top() << endl;
cout << First.top() << endl;
First.pop();
AStack <string> Second (10);
Second.push("Hazif");
Second.push("Alicia");
cout << Second.top() << endl;
Second.pop();
Second.push("Hana");
```

(4 marks)

- (b) Explain **TWO (2)** benefits of array implementation for a stack compared to implementation of linked list.

(6 marks)

**(Total: 10 marks)****Question 8**

- (a) Write code fragments that illustrate a queue scenario in the bank. Assume that the queue will store the customer names. Use function called `enqueue()` to join queue, `dequeue()` to leave queue, and `getFront()` to retrieve the customer at the front queue.

Amy joins the queue.

John joins the queue.

Alex joins the queue.

The bank officer entertains the first customer and let him/her out of the queue.  
Brandon joins the queue.  
The bank officer entertains the first customer and let him/her out of the queue.  
Michael joins the queue.  
The bank officer wants to know who is the next customer to be served.

(8 marks)

- (b) Draw out the current queue structure to identify the front and back of the queue.

(2 marks)

**(Total: 10 marks)**

**SECTION B (20 marks)**

**Question 1**

- (a) Create a tree, which has the following nodes.

60, 40, 35, 90, 1, 88, 54, 89

(4 marks)

- (b) Determine whether the tree that you derived in (a) is a complete binary tree. Justify your answer.

(7 marks)

- (c) Determine whether the tree that you derived in (a) is balanced. Explain the reason that the tree is balanced/unbalanced from the height of tree perspective.

(3 marks)

- (d) Trace the pre-order traversal for a binary search tree using proper variables.

(6 marks)

**(Total: 20 marks)**

≈ **The End** ≈

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